



STRENGTHS-BASED

Approach to Employment Outcomes

Understanding the strengths and abilities of students with disabilities is an essential component of planning for students transition to competitive integrated employment. A strengths-based approach to transition planning is a collaborative process that encourages students, families, educators, and others to consistently draw upon and share their knowledge of student strengths, skills, and capabilities. Focusing on existing strengths can lead to increased academic, social emotional, and ultimately positive post school employment success.

Strengths-Based Versus Deficit-Based

| STRENGTHS-BASED APPROACH | DEFICIT-BASED APPROACH |
|--|---|
| Focus is on identifying skills and capacity within the home, school, and community | Focus is on disability, needs, and perceived weaknesses |
| Supports high expectations | Communicates helplessness and low expectations |
| Opportunity focused | Problems focused |
| Proactive planning and building upon strengths | Reactive planning and identifying what is missing |
| Long-term impact | Short-term impact |



Texas Beacons of Excellence

A Partnership Led by:



TEXAS WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION SERVICE



How to Implement a **STRENGTHS- BASED APPROACH**

1

Recognize

Recognize every student has strengths, abilities, and skills.

2

Collaborate

Enhance collaboration and gather information on students' abilities and interests within the school, home, and community.

3

Build

Build relationships with families. This will support families to identify strengths and achievements.

4

Assist

Assist students to become well informed of their strengths and interests.

5

Develop

Develop goals to build upon students' strengths and resources.

6

Link

Link goals to action and develop experiences to uncover additional strengths, interests, and skills.

7

Gather

Gather data from goals and activities to build upon students' strength profile.

